



acontis technologies GmbH

SOFTWARE

Hypervisor-Graphics-Passthrough-Guide

acontis Real-time Hypervisor Graphics Passthrough Setup

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Table of Contents

1	Introduction	4
2	Prerequisites	5
2.1	Additional information	5
3	Guest configuration	6
4	Windows guest remote desktop access	7
4.1	Enable Remote Desktop	7
4.2	Remote Desktop Settings	9
5	Activate vfio driver	11
6	Additional guest configuration	12
7	Boot Hypervisor in passthrough graphics mode	14
8	Connect to Hypervisor in iGVT-d Mode	15
9	Remote guest start	16
10	Update display driver	17
11	Troubleshooting	18
11.1	Windows guest	18
11.2	General issues	19

1 Introduction

This guide describes how to set up a graphics passthrough to the Windows or Ubuntu guest in the acontis Hypervisor. It is assumed, the steps listed in the Hypervisor Quick Start guide have been successfully executed.

2 Prerequisites

- Intel i915 graphics adapter
- additional extern graphics adapter (*optional*)
- **activated** VT-D/IOMMU (UEFI/BIOS)
- At least **6 GB of RAM** is recommended for the Windows guest (`ramsize=6144` in `guest_config.sh`).

2.1 Additional information

For more information on the topic checkout the following links:

- Intel (filtered) list of possible CPUs:

https://ark.intel.com/content/www/us/en/ark/search/featurefilter.html?productType=873&1_Filter-ProcessorGraphics=19001&0_VTD=True

3 Guest configuration

Some custom steps are required to create a Windows or Ubuntu VM for QEMU.

<p>Caution: It is important to create this machine with OVMF UEFI, because graphics passthrough need it.</p>

Important: Use the Windows or Ubuntu guest guide to setup a guest.

4 Windows guest remote desktop access

It's required to has Remote Desktop access of the Windows guest, as the standard vga graphics will be **deactivated** and therefore **only** remote access is possible with the Hypervisor Host and Windows guest.

4.1 Enable Remote Desktop

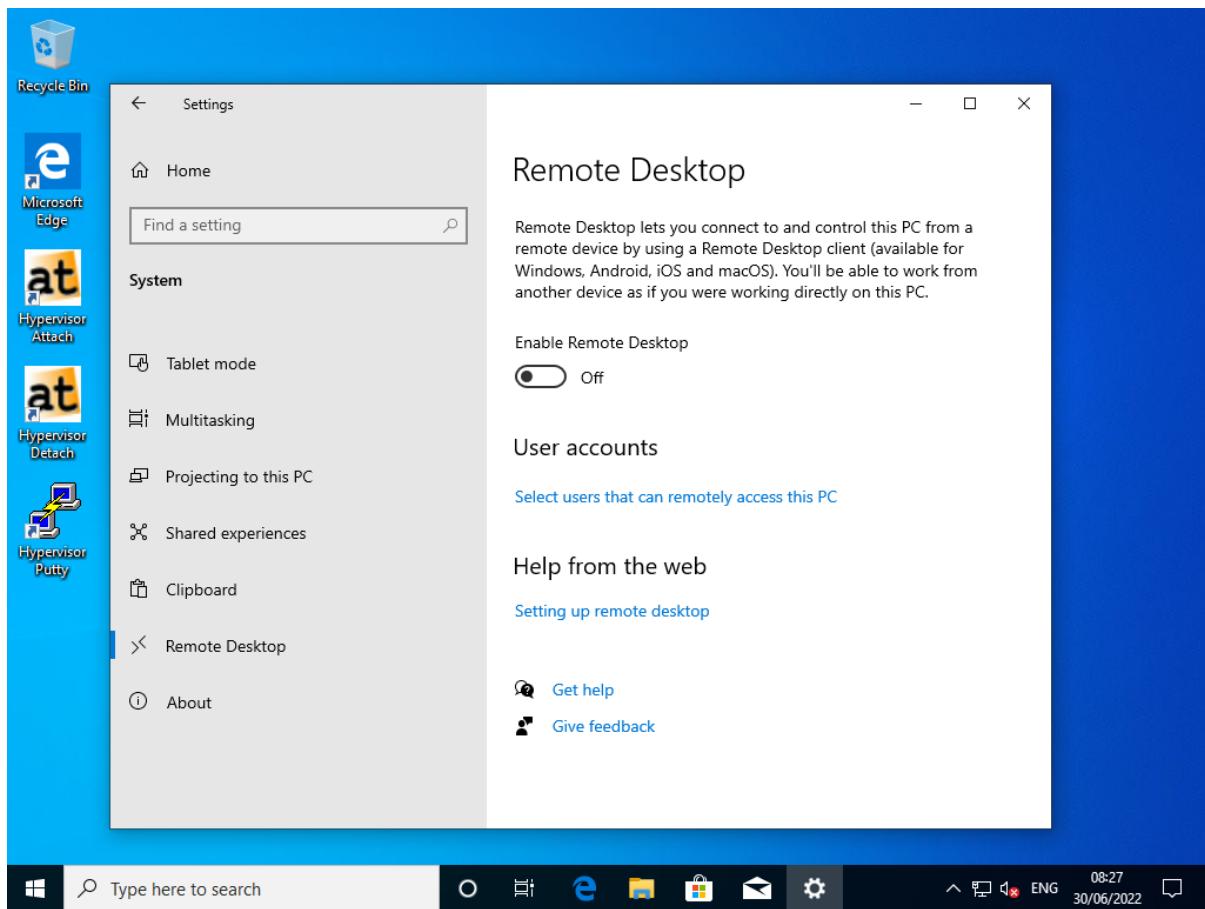


Fig. 4.1: Enable Windows 10 RDP

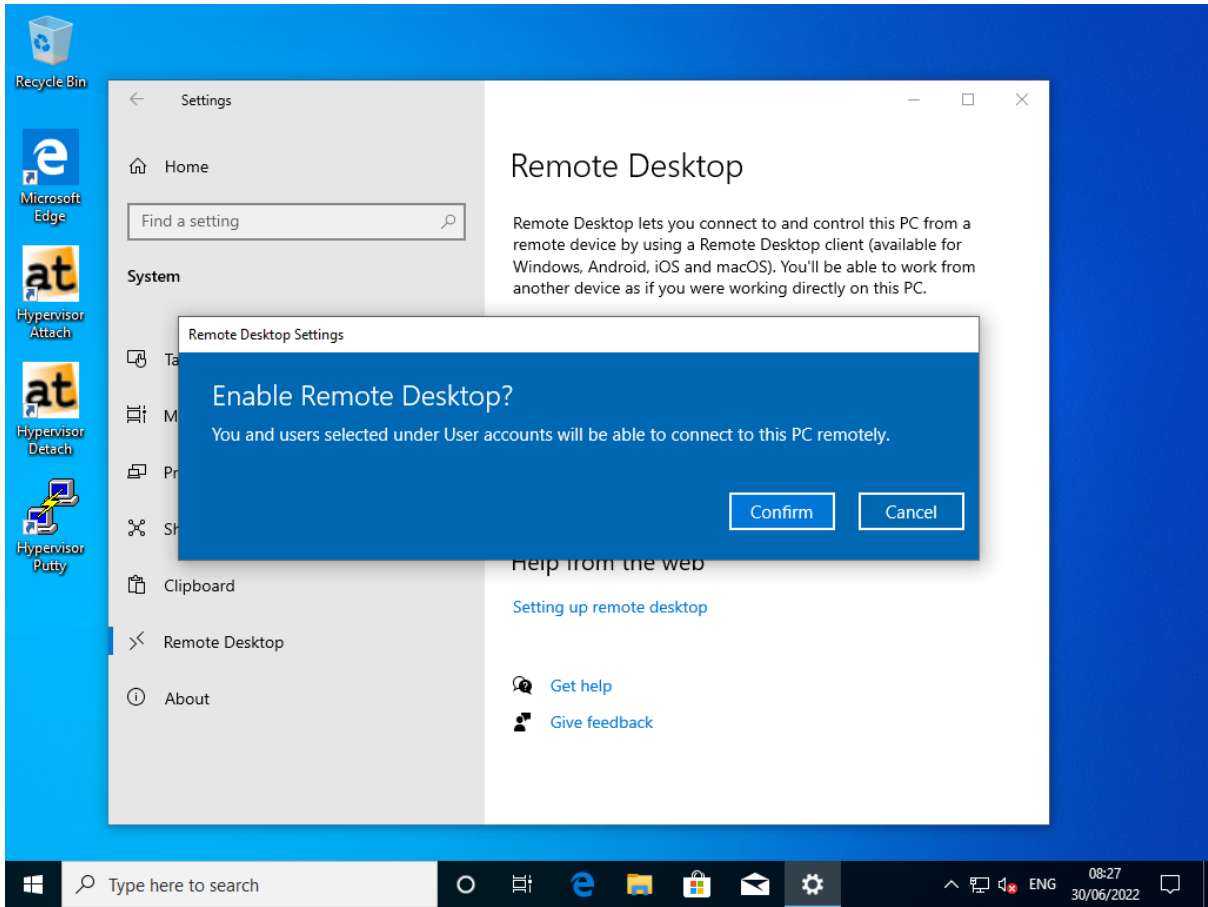


Fig. 4.2: Confirm Windows 10 RDP Enable.

4.2 Remote Desktop Settings

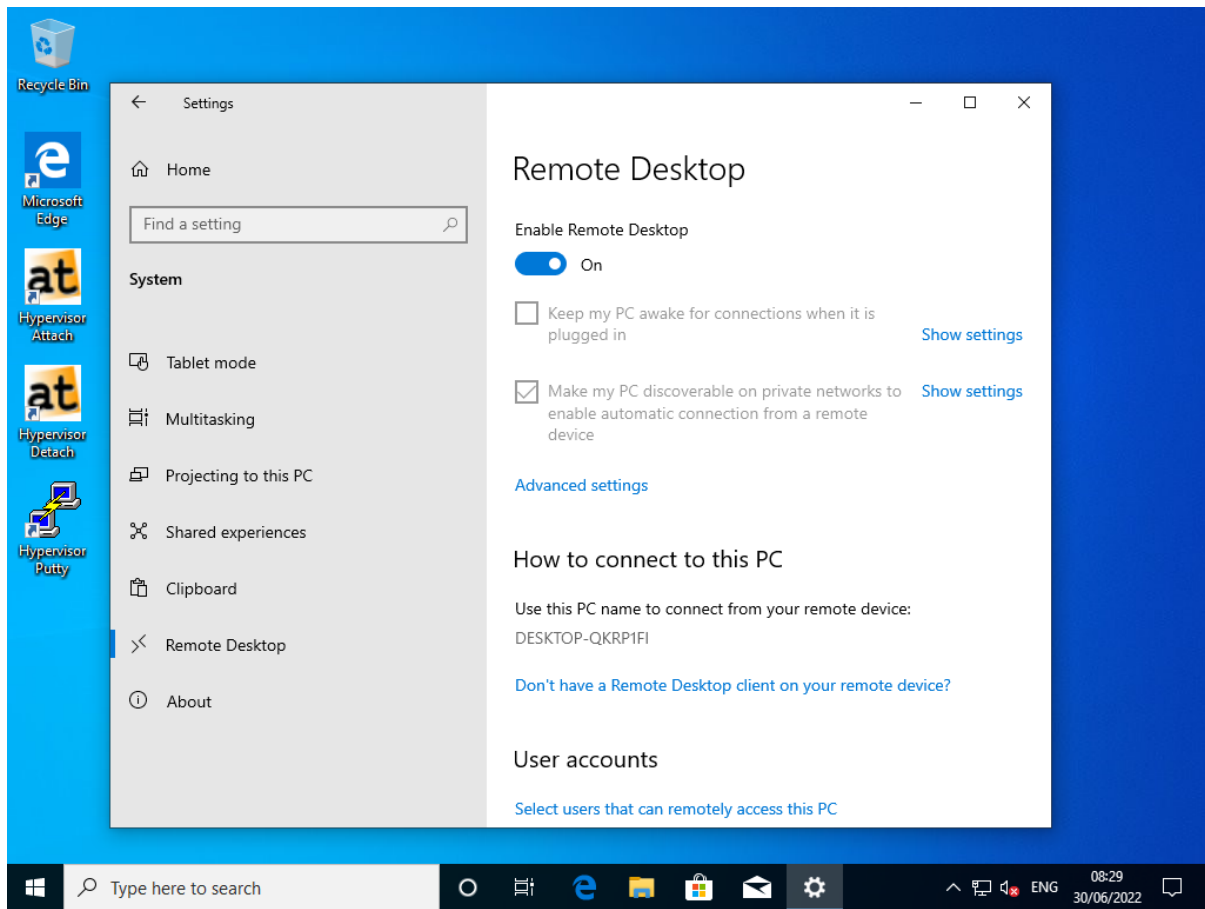


Fig. 4.3: Windows 10 RDP Settings.

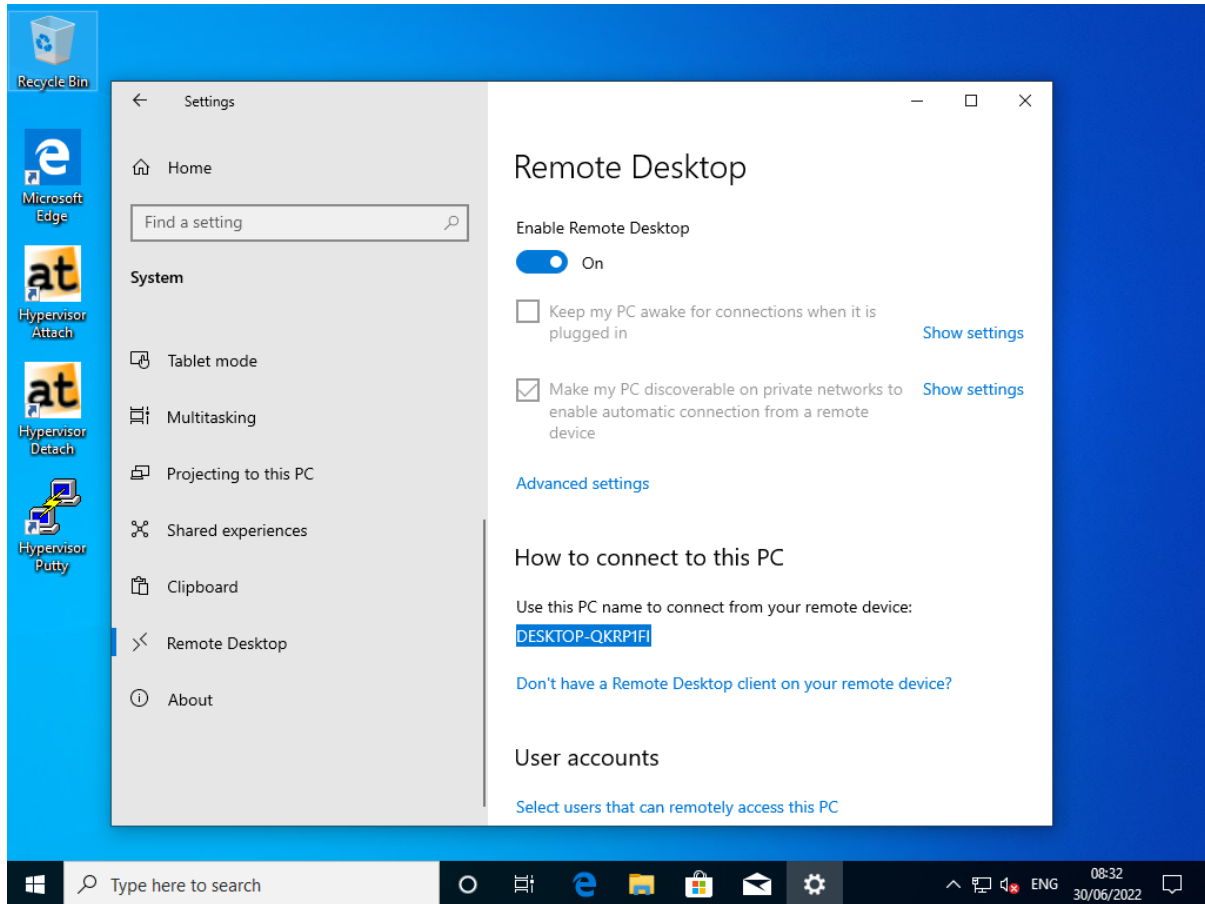


Fig. 4.4: Windows 10 RDP Settings PC-Name (Windows 10 guest).

5 Activate `vfio` driver

```
$ sudo gedit /etc/modules
```

Add the following lines into the file:

```
vfio
vfio_iommu_type1
vfio_pci
vfio_virqfd
```

```
$ sudo update-initramfs -u
```

```
$ sudo reboot now
```

6 Additional guest configuration

- Adjust the file `usr_guest_config.sh`

Windows guest:

```
$ sudo nano /hv/guests/examples/windows/usr_guest_config.sh
```

Ubuntu guest:

```
$ sudo nano /hv/guests/examples/ubuntu/usr_guest_config.sh
```

```
# UEFI support
export uefi_bios=1

# graphics passthrough
export enable_vga_gpt=1      # set to 1 to enable graphics
↳passthrough
export vga_gpt_bdf=00:02.0  # PCI bus, device function values for
↳the graphics card, use the lspci command to determine
export vga_gpt_kbd_event=7  # keyboard event, determine using ls
↳-la /dev/input/by-id | grep -event- (search for the appropriate
↳keyboard event number)
export vga_gpt_mouse_event=4 # keyboard event, determine using ls
↳-la /dev/input/by-id | grep -event- (search for the appropriate
↳mouse event number)
```

For more information about graphics passthrough, see the [Hypervisor Manual](#).

Important: Use `lspci` to determine/validate the `vga_gpt_bdf` value!

```
rte@RTV-TP104:~$ lspci
00:00.0 Host bridge: Intel Corporation Xeon E3-1200 v2/3rd Gen Core
↳processor DRAM Controller (rev 09)
00:02.0 VGA compatible controller: Intel Corporation Xeon E3-1200 v2/3rd
↳Gen Core processor Graphics Controller (rev 09)
00:14.0 USB controller: Intel Corporation 7 Series/C210 Series Chipset
↳Family USB xHCI Host Controller (rev 04)
00:16.0 Communication controller: Intel Corporation 7 Series/C216 Chipset
↳Family MEI Controller #1 (rev 04)
...
```

Important: Use `ls -la` to determine/validate the `vga_gpt_kbd_event` and `vga_gpt_mouse_event` values! These values are only valid if bootet with GRUB entry Hypervisor + `iGVT-d`.

```
rte@RTV-TP104:~$ ls -la /dev/input/by-id | grep -event-
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 9 Feb 7 18:35 usb-Telink_Wireless_Receiver-event-
↳if00 -> ../event5
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 9 Feb 7 18:35 usb-Telink_Wireless_Receiver-event-
↳mouse -> ../event4
```

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```
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 9 Feb 7 18:35 usb-Telink_Wireless_Receiver-if01-  
→event-kbd -> ../event7
```

```
$ sudo reboot now
```

7 Boot Hypervisor in passthrough graphics mode

Please select the following boot line at GRUB:

```
Hypervisor + iGVT-d
```

Hint: When executing the `/hv/bin/inithv.sh` script, a **separate** GRUB entry *Hypervisor + iGVT-d* is created.

Important: A missing GRUB entry `Hypervisor + iGVT-d` shows, that the `/hv/bin/inithv.sh` script **didn't** find any *compatible integrated* graphics card!

8 Connect to Hypervisor in iGVT-d Mode

In this guide the Putty is used as remote SSH shell:

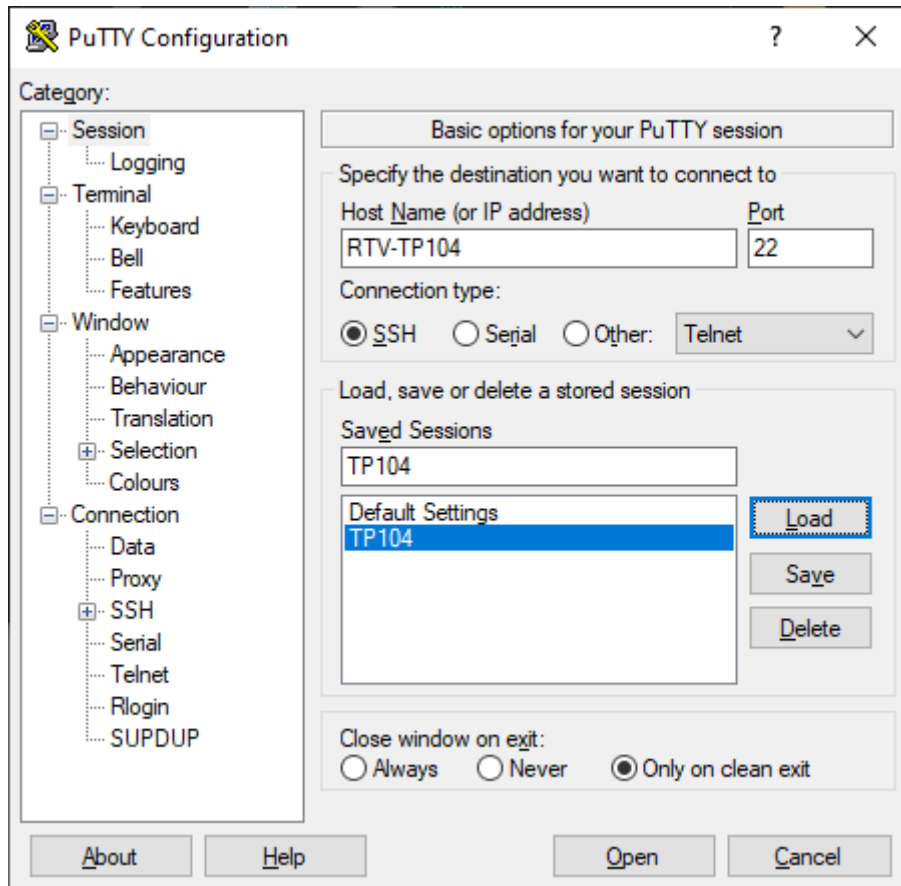


Fig. 8.1: Putty Configuration.

Hint: The screenshots uses the PC-Name RTV-TP104. *Replace* it by the name you used installing the Hypervisor!

9 Remote guest start

- Change to guest directory

Windows:

```
$ cd /hv/guests/examples/windows
```

Ubuntu:

```
$ cd /hv/guests/examples/ubuntu
```

- Start the guest

```
$ hv_guest_start -view
```

- Wait 30..60 sec.

You should now see the guest at the display. If *yes*, you are **done!**

Important: If the screen **remains black** after 30..60 sec. please go further with *next* chapter!

10 Update display driver

As the passthroughed display needs an appropriate display driver, please connect to the running Windows guest through **RDP** (In this guide the Windows guest PC-Name is DESKTOP-QKRP1FI) and run the Windows Update. Windows Update will find an appropriate display driver if available.

Important: if no appropriate display driver is found, please go further with the *Troubleshooting* section.

11 Troubleshooting

There are several points that can cause problems with Graphics Passthrough. Here are a few hints that can help solve these issues.

11.1 Windows guest

- **Windows graphics driver**

If the Windows guest screen remains black, it's usually due to a missing graphics driver in Windows guest. To install this, connect to the guest via RDP. In this guide the Windows guest PC-Name is `DESKTOP-QKRP1FI`. Replace it by the PC-Name of your Windows guest and connect it through the RDP client on your development PC. As *user/password* use the defined credentials at Windows guest install stage.

Open internet browser in the Windows guest and get the latest Intel graphic drivers:

<https://downloadcenter.intel.com/product/80939/Graphics>

OR

<https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/download/19344/intel-graphics-windows-dch-drivers.html>

After installing the driver you should reboot the Windows guest. It could take some minutes until the screen will show up or RDP Connect will work.

- **RAM size**

Increase the RAM size of your Windows guest by changing the value of `ramsize` in the `guest_config.sh` file. At least 6 GB of RAM is recommended for the Windows guest (`ramsize=6144`).

```
# Major VM settings
export num_cpus=2          # Number of CPUs for the VM.
                           # Should not be higher than the number of
                           ↪available physical CPUs
                           # At installation time, the number should be
                           ↪set to one below the number of physical available CPUs!
export ramsize=6144       # RAM size of the physical machine.
export hdsz=50G           # Hard disk size.
                           # This value is only when creating a new hard
                           ↪disk image.
                           # After creating the disk image, this value
                           ↪is ignored.
```

- **vendor id**

Search for `hv_vendor_id` in `/hv/bin/kvmguest_start.sh` file.

```
runvm_cmd="$guest_dir/$vm_procname -enable-kvm \
-machin pc-i440fx-2.0 -smp cpus=$num_cpus,cores=$num_cpus,
↪threads=1,sockets=1 -m $ramsize -device virtio-balloon,addr=$virtio_
↪balloon_pci_addr \
```

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```

-monitor unix:$qemu_mon_sock,server,nowait \
-cpu host,hv_vendor_id=acontis,hv_relaxed,hv_spinlocks=0x1fff,hv_
↪vapic,hv_time,pmu=$PMU \
-device virtio-serial,addr=$virtio_serial_pci_addr \

```

Remove the hv_vendor_id entry.

```

runvm_cmd="$guest_dir/$vm_procname -enable-kvm \
-machine pc-i440fx-2.0 -smp cpus=$num_cpus,cores=$num_cpus,
↪threads=1,sockets=1 -m $ramsize -device virtio-balloon,addr=$virtio_
↪balloon_pci_addr \
-monitor unix:$qemu_mon_sock,server,nowait \
-cpu host,hv_relaxed,hv_spinlocks=0x1fff,hv_vapic,hv_time,pmu=
↪$PMU \
-device virtio-serial,addr=$virtio_serial_pci_addr \

```

11.2 General issues

- **Unplug mouse or keyboard**

If you unplug and replug the mouse or keyboard during graphics passthrough, they will no longer be recognized and won't function properly. To avoid this, you can pass through the mouse and keyboard to the guest using USB passthrough. However, in this case, the device must always be plugged into the same USB port.

Please refer to the [Hypervisor Manual](#) section on Windows/Linux USB guest access for information on how to get the appropriate hostbus and hostport.

In the `usr_guest_config.sh` file:

- Add entries for `USB_HOST_ADAPTER1_PASSTHROUGH`.
- Place a comment symbol before the lines with `vga_gpt_kbd_event` and `vga_gpt_mouse_event`.

```

# USB host passthrough (automatic passthrough for any device_
↪connected to these ports).
# Note: on the same physical USB port, different values for hostbus,
↪hostport pairs will show up for different USB speed!
export USB_HOST_ADAPTER1_PASSTHROUGH=""
export USB_HOST_ADAPTER1_PASSTHROUGH="$USB_HOST_ADAPTER1_PASSTHROUGH -
↪device usb-host,bus=$USB_HOST_ADAPTER1_NAME.0,hostbus=1,hostport=4"
export USB_HOST_ADAPTER1_PASSTHROUGH="$USB_HOST_ADAPTER1_PASSTHROUGH -
↪device usb-host,bus=$USB_HOST_ADAPTER1_NAME.0,hostbus=1,hostport=5"

# UEFI support
export uefi_bios=1

# allow dynamically adjust the desktop (from Windows to full screen_
↪mode)
export enable_vga_spice=1

# graphics passthrough (see hypervisor manual for more information)
export enable_vga_gpt=1 # set to 1 to enable graphics_
↪passthrough

```

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```
export vga_gpt_bdf=00:02.0    # PCI bus, device function values for
↳the graphics card, use the lspci command to determine
#export vga_gpt_kbd_event=3    # keyboard event, determine using ls
↳-la /dev/input/by-id | grep -event- (search for the appropriate
↳keyboard event number)
#export vga_gpt_mouse_event=6 # keyboard event, determine using ls
↳-la /dev/input/by-id | grep -event- (search for the appropriate
↳mouse event number)
```